AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS (AS ON AMENDED SHEETS ANNEXED TO IPER)

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (original) Apparatus for generating a mist comprising:
- a conduit having a mixing chamber and an exit;
- a working fluid inlet in fluid communication with said conduit, the working fluid inlet adapted to introduce a working fluid into the conduit; and
- a transport nozzle in fluid communication with the said conduit, the transport nozzle adapted to introduce a transport fluid into the mixing chamber;

characterised in that the transport nozzle includes a convergent-divergent portion therein such as in use to provide for the generation of high velocity flow of the transport fluid;

and wherein the transport nozzle and conduit have a relative angular orientation such that in use the working fluid is atomised and a dispersed droplet flow regime of droplets is created in the mixing chamber by the introduction of transport fluid flow from the transport nozzle into working fluid flow from the conduit and the subsequent shearing of the working fluid by the transport fluid, wherein the angular orientation of the transport nozzle and conduit is such that the shearing of the working fluid creates a dispersed droplet flow regime in which a substantial portion of the droplets have a size of less than 20 µm.

- 2. (original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the working fluid droplets have a substantially uniform droplet distribution having droplets with a size less than 20 µm.
- 3. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1 or 2, wherein the substantial portion of the droplets has a cumulative distribution greater than 90%.
- 4. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim <u>claim1</u>, wherein a substantial portion of the droplets have a droplet size less than 10 μm

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- 5. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the transport nozzle substantially circumscribes the conduit.
- 6. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the mixing chamber includes a converging portion.
- 7. (currently amended) The apparatus of any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, wherein the mixing chamber includes a diverging portion.
- 8. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the internal geometry of the transport nozzle has an area ratio, namely exit area to throat area, in the range 1.75 to 15, having an included α -angle substantially equal to or less than 6 degrees for supersonic flow, and substantially equal to or less than 12 degrees for sub-sonic flow.
- 9. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the transport nozzle is oriented at an angle β of between 0 to 30 degrees.
- 10. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the transport nozzle is shaped such that transport fluid introduced into the mixing chamber through the transport nozzle has a divergent or convergent flow pattern.
- 11. (original) The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the transport nozzle has inner and outer surfaces each being substantially frustoconical in shape.
- 12. (currently amended) The apparatus of any proceding claim claim 1, further including a working nozzle in fluid communication with the conduit for the introduction of working fluid into the mixing chamber.
- 13. (original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the working nozzle is positioned nearer to the exit than the transport nozzle.
- 14. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 12 or 13, wherein the working nozzle is shaped such that working fluid introduced into the mixing chamber through the working nozzle has a convergent or divergent flow pattern.

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- 15. (currently amended) The apparatus of any of claims 12 to 14 <u>claim 12</u>, wherein the working nozzle has inner and outer surfaces each being substantially frustoconical in shape.
- 16. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim <u>claim 1</u>, further including a second transport nozzle being adapted to introduce further transport fluid or a second transport fluid into the mixing chamber.
- 17. (original) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the second transport nozzle is positioned nearer to the exit than the transport nozzle.
- 18. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the second transport nozzle is positioned nearer to the exit than the working nozzle, such that the working nozzle is located intermediate the two transport nozzles.
- 19. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the conduit includes a passage.
- 20. (original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the inner wall of the passage is adapted with a contoured portion to induce turbulence of the working fluid upstream of the transport nozzle.
- 21. (original) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the mixing chamber includes an inlet for the introduction of an inlet fluid.
- 22. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the mixing chamber is closed upstream of the transport nozzle.
- 23. (currently amended) The apparatus of any-proceding claim claim 1, further including a supplementary nozzle arranged inside the transport nozzle and adapted to introduce further transport fluid or a second transport fluid into the mixing chamber.
- 24. (original) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the supplementary nozzle is arranged axially in the mixing chamber.
- 25. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 23 or 24, wherein the supplementary nozzle extends forward of the transport nozzle.

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- 26. (currently amended) The apparatus of any of claims 23 to 25 <u>claim 23</u>, wherein the supplementary nozzle is shaped with a convergent-divergent profile to provide supersonic flow of the transport fluid which flows therethrough.
- 27. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, further including control means adapted to control one or more of droplet size, droplet distribution, spray cone angle and projection distance.
- 28. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, further including control means to control one or more of the flow rate, pressure, velocity, quality, and temperature of the inlet and/or working and/or transport fluids.
- 29. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 27 or 28, wherein the control means includes means to control the angular orientation and internal geometry of the working and/or transport and/or secondary nozzles.
- 30. (currently amended) The apparatus of any of claims 27 to 29 claim 27, wherein the control means includes means to control the internal geometry of at least part of the mixing chamber or exit to vary it between convergent and divergent.
- 31. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the exit of the apparatus is provided with a cowl to control the mist.
- 32. (original) The apparatus of claim 31, wherein the cowl comprises a plurality of separate sections arranged radially, each section adapted to control and re-direct a portion of the discharge of mist emerging from the exit.
- 33. (currently amended) The apparatus of any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the apparatus for generating a mist is located within a further cowl.
- 34. (currently amended) The apparatus of any proceding claim claim 1, wherein at least one of the transport, secondary or working nozzles is adapted with a turbulator to enhance turbulence.
- 35. (currently amended) A spray system comprising apparatus of any of claims 1 to 34 claim 1 and transport fluid in the form of steam.

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- 36. (original) The spray system of claim 35, further including working fluid in the form of water.
- 37. (currently amended) The spray system of claim 35 or 36, further including a steam generator and water supply.
- 38. (original) The spray system of claim 37, wherein the spray system is portable.
 - 39. (original) A method of generating a mist comprising the steps of:

introducing a flow of transport fluid into a mixing chamber through a transport nozzle;

introducing a working fluid into the mixing chamber through a conduit;

generating a high velocity flow of the transport fluid by way of a convergentdivergent portion within the transport nozzle;

orienting the transport nozzle and conduit such that the high velocity transport fluid flow imparts a shearing force on the working fluid flow; and

atomising the working fluid and creating a dispersed droplet flow regime of droplets under the shearing action of the working fluid on the transport fluid, wherein the shearing action creates a dispersed droplet flow regime in which a substantial portion of the droplets have a size less than 20 µm.

- 40. (canceled)
- 41. (currently amended) The method of claim 39 or 40, wherein the stream of transport fluid introduced into the mixing chamber is annular.
- 42. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 41 claim 39, wherein the working fluid is introduced into the mixing chamber via an inlet of the mixing chamber of the apparatus.

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- 43. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 41 claim 39, wherein the working fluid is introduced into the mixing chamber via a working nozzle in fluid communication with the conduit of the apparatus.
- 44. (original) The method of claim 43, wherein an inlet fluid is introduced into the mixing chamber via an inlet of the mixing chamber of the apparatus.
- 45. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 44 claim 39, wherein the method includes the step of introducing the transport fluid into the mixing chamber in a continuous or discontinuous or intermittent or pulsed manner.
- 46. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 45 claim 39, wherein the method includes the step of introducing the transport fluid into the mixing chamber as a supersonic flow.
- 47. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 46 claim 39, wherein the method includes the step of introducing the transport fluid into the mixing chamber as a sub-sonic flow.
- 48. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 47 claim 39, wherein the method includes the step of introducing the working fluid into the mixing chamber in a continuous or discontinuous or intermittent or pulsed manner.
- 49. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 48 claim 39, wherein the mist is controlled by modulating at least one of the following parameters:

the flow rate, pressure, velocity, quality and/or temperature of the transport fluid; the flow rate, pressure, velocity, quality and/or temperature of the working fluid; the flow rate, pressure, velocity, quality and/or temperature of the inlet fluid;

the angular orientation of the transport and/or working and/or secondary nozzle(s) of the apparatus;

the internal geometry of the transport and/or working and/or secondary nozzle(s) of the apparatus; and

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the internal geometry, length and/or cross section of the mixing chamber.

- 50. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein the mist is controlled to have a substantial proportion of its droplets having a size less than 20 µm.
- 51. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein the mist is controlled to have a substantial proportion of its droplets having a size less than 10 µm.
- 52. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 51 claim 39, including the generation of condensation shocks and/or momentum transfer to provide suction within the apparatus.
- 53. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 52 claim 39, including inducing turbulence of the inlet fluid prior to it being introduced into the mixing chamber.
- 54. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 53 claim 39, including inducing turbulence of the working fluid prior to it being introduced into the mixing chamber.
- 55. (currently amended) The method of any-of-claims 39 to 54 claim 39, including inducing turbulence of the transport fluid prior to it being introduced into the mixing chamber.
- 56. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 55 claim 39, wherein the transport fluid is steam or an air/steam mixture.
- 57. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 56 claim 39, wherein the working fluid is water or a water-based liquid.
- 58. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 57 claim 39, wherein the mist is used for fire suppression.
- 59. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 39 to 58 claim 39, wherein the mist is used for decontamination.

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60. (currently amended) The method of any of claims 36 to 59 <u>claim 36</u>, wherein the mist is used for gas scrubbing.